Math 181 Honors Final Review Sheet/Homework 8

- 1. Write  $1.\overline{87}$  as a fraction of the form p/q where p and q are integers.
- **2.** Sum the infinite series  $\sum_{n=-3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n}$ .
- **3.** Determine whether the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^2}{\sqrt{n+1}}$$

converges absolutely, converges conditionally or diverges.

4. State the definition of the limit

$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) = L$$

in terms of  $\delta$  and  $\epsilon$ .

- 5. Use  $\delta$  and  $\epsilon$  to show that  $f(x) = 3x^2$  is continuous at 1.
- 6. Suppose g(x) is continuous at 5 Use  $\delta$  and  $\epsilon$  to show that the function w(x) = g(x)/x is continuous at 5.
- 7. Use the rules of Calculus to find the following derivatives:

(i) 
$$\frac{d}{dx}7^{x}$$
  
(ii)  $\frac{d}{dx}\log\log\log x$   
(iii)  $\frac{d}{dx}(x\sin 2x)$   
(iv)  $\frac{d}{dx}\frac{x^{2}+1}{6+\arctan x}$ 

- 8. Suppose f(x) = 1/x. Use the limit definition of derivative to show  $f'(x) = -1/x^2$ .
- **9.** Suppose w(x) = xf(x) where f(x) is differentiable. Use the limit definition of derivative to show w'(x) = g(x) + xg'(x).
- **10.** Find Taylor's formula for  $h(x) = \sqrt{1+x}$  when a = 0.
- **11.** State Newton's method (or recipe) for finding x such that f(x) = 0.
- 12. Suppose f is three times continuously differentiable. Use Taylor's theorem to show there exists  $\xi$  between a h and a + h such that

$$\frac{f(a+h) - f(a-h)}{2h} = f'(a) + \frac{f'''(\xi)}{6}h^2$$

13. Find the maximum value of  $f(x) = x^2 e^{-x}$  on the interval [0, 5].