

Course Summary for MATH/CS 467/667

Note: Topics identified with • will not be on the Math/CS 467 final exam; however, these topics may appear on the test for Math/CS 667 and as extra credit for Math/CS 467.

1. Euler's Method and Beyond
 - i. Definition of the Lipschitz Condition.
 - ii. Precise statement of Taylor's Theorem.
 - iii. Euler's method and the Backwards Euler's Method.
 - iv. How to sum a geometric series.
 - v. Proof that Euler's method is convergent.
 - vi. Definition of truncation error.
 - vii. How to compute truncation error for the trapezoidal rule and the theta method.
2. Multistep Methods
 - i. The general form of an s -step method.
 - ii. The idea (in terms of interpolating polynomials) behind the Adams–Bashforth and Adams–Moulton multistep methods.
 - iii. Definition of the polynomials $\rho(\omega)$ and $\sigma(\omega)$.
 - iv. What it means for $\rho(\omega)$ to satisfy the root condition.
 - v. Be able to check the root condition for simple polynomials.
 - vi. Statement of the Dahlquist equivalence theorem.
 - vii. How to find the order (as in Theorem 2.1) of a multistep method in terms of the polynomials ρ and σ .
 - viii. The definition of a backward differentiation formula, i.e., that $\sigma(\omega) = \beta\omega^s$ for some $\beta \in \mathbf{R} \setminus \{0\}$.
 - ix. Statement of the Dahlquist first barrier.
3. Gaussian Quadrature
 - i. The way to derive Gaussian quadrature formulae.
 - ii. Proof of Lemma 3.2.
 - iii. Proof of Theorem 3.3(i) that the Gaussian quadrature formula is order 2ν .
4. Runge–Kutta Methods
 - i. Translation of the RK tableaux in terms of algebraic equations that could be programmed into a computer.
 - ii. How to tell (by looking at the matrix A) whether a given RK method is explicit.
 - iii. The relationship between IRK methods and collocation as stated in Lemma 3.5.
 - iv. •Theorem 3.7 and its Corollary.
5. Stiff ODEs
 - i. What is the linear stability domain \mathcal{D} ?
 - ii. Be able to find \mathcal{D} for Euler's method, the implicit Euler's method.
 - iii. Definition of A -stability.
 - iv. What is $r(z)$ for RK methods?
 - v. Proof that no explicit RK method is A stable.
 - vi. Definition that $r(z)$ is order p .

- vii. Definition of a Padé approximant.
 - viii. Statement of The Wanner–Hairer–Nørsett theorem.
 - ix. •Statement of the Dahlquist second barrier.
6. Error Control
- i. Describe the Milne Device.
 - ii. Find the error control given by the Milne device for specific multistep pairs of the same order.
 - iii. How can two methods of different order be used for error control?
 - iv. What is the idea behind Embedded RK methods?
7. Nonlinear Algebraic Systems
- i. Explain how to use functional iteration to advance an implicit integration scheme.
 - ii. What is the convergence criterion that functional iteration converges?
 - iii. Explain the disadvantages of the functional iteration for stiff ODEs?
 - iv. What is Newton’s method?
 - v. State the convergence criterion for Newton’s method.